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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/040,416	01/09/2002	Tetuya Ookura	217969US0X CIP	3704	
22850	7590 06/16/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER	
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET			PAK, YONG D		
	PRIA, VA 22314		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1652		
		DATE MAILED: 06/16/2004			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/040,416	OOKURA ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Yong D Pak	1652	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed  s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	_•	,	
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This	action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan			
closed in accordance with the practice under E.	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are pending in the application.		•	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	n from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> are subject to restriction and/or e	election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner	•		
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acce	pted or b) objected to by the E	Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the d	rawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	iminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign pa) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents		-(d) or (f).	
<ul><li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents</li><li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents</li></ul>		on No	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority		<del></del>	
application from the International Bureau		d in this National Stage	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list o		d.	
Attachment(s)			
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (	(PTO-413)	
P) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Dat	te	
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5)	itent Application (PTO-152)	
	, <del></del>		

## **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 1-26 are pending.

## Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:\_

- I. Claim 1, drawn to an erythrose reductase of SEQ ID NO:2, classified in class 435, subclass 189.
- II. Claims 2-8, drawn to a DNA encoding the reductase of Invention I, cell comprising said DNA and a method of producing said protein, classified in class 435, subclass 189.
- III. Claim 9, drawn to an erythrose reductase of SEQ ID NO:4, classified in class 435, subclass 189.
- IV. Claims 10-16, drawn to a DNA encoding the reductase of Invention III, cell comprising said DNA and a method of producing said protein, classified in class 435, subclass 189.
- V. Claims 17, drawn to an erythrose reductase of SEQ ID NO:6, classified in class 435, subclass 189.
- VI. Claims 18-24, drawn to a DNA encoding the reductase of Invention V, cell comprising said DNA and a method of producing said protein, classified in class 435, subclass 189.
- VII. Claim 25 (partially), drawn to a method of producing erythritol using the protein of Invention I, classified in class 435, subclass 132.

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VIII. Claim 25 (partially), drawn to a method of producing erythritol using the protein of Invention III, classified in class 435, subclass 132.

- IX. Claim 25 (partially), drawn to a method of producing erythritol using the protein of Invention V, classified in class 435, subclass 132.
- Claim 26 (partially), drawn to a method of producing erythritol using the
   DNA of Invention II, classified in class 435, subclass 132.
- XI. Claim 26 (partially), drawn to a method of producing erythritol using the DNA of Invention IV, classified in class 435, subclass 132.
- XII. Claim 26 (partially), drawn to a method of producing erythritol using the DNA of Invention VI, classified in class 435, subclass 132.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I-VI are patentably distinct because a DNA and a protein are different compounds, each with its own chemical structure and function, and they have different utilities. The DNA sequences of Inventions II, IV and VI are patentably distinct as encoding enzymes with different structures, functions, substrate specificities, and utilities. The proteins of Inventions I, III and V are patentably distinct as having different structures, functions, substrate specificities, and utilities.

The DNA molecules of inventions II, IV and VI are not limited in use to the production of the polypeptides of invention I, III and V, respectively, and can be used as a hybridization probe, and proteins of Invention I, III or V can be obtained by a materially different method such as by biochemical purification.

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Inventions (I and VII), (III and VIII) and (V and IX) are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the proteins of Invention I, III and V can be used for the production of the antibodies against the protein.

Inventions (II and X), (IV and XI) and (VI and XII) are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the DNAs of Inventions II, IV and VI can be used for the production of the proteins of Invention I, III or V.

The methods of Inventions (VII-IX) and (X-XII) are patentably distinct as directed to materially different methods employing different products. Inventions VII-IX use proteins and Inventions X-XII use DNA. The methods of Inventions VII-IX are patentably distinct for employing products that are patentably distinct as discussed above. The methods of Inventions X-XII are patentably distinct for employing products that are patentably distinct as discussed above.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification and

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recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a petition under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims.

Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer* and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order

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to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.

Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Yong Pak whose telephone number is 571-272-0935. The examiner can normally be reached 6:30 A.M. to 5:00 P.M. Monday through Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ponnathapu Achutamurthy can be reached on 571-272-0928. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9306 for regular communications and 703-872-9307 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 571-272-1600.

Yong D. Pak
Patent Examiner

PONNATHAPU ACHUTAMURTHY SUPERVISORY PATERT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1800